

Computer Science I

Problem Analysis

1 Students analyze a problem and develop a solution by creating a computer program.

- 1 Identify how to use a computer program to solve a problem [CS1-1.1](#)
 - 2 Construct interactive computer programs that accept various forms of input and produce various forms of output, as a solution to a computer programming problem [CS1-1.2](#)
 - 3 Use print charts, file layouts, program narratives, hierarchy charts, and system flowcharts, which accurately depict the problem assigned and describe the solution [CS1-1.3](#)
 - 4 Report the program schematics and usage [CS1-1.4](#)
 - 5 Identify the standard program flowchart symbols and use them correctly within the context of the basic control structures of sequence, selection and looping [CS1-1.5](#)
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Software Tools

1 Students apply and adapt software tools to develop a computer program.

- 1 Construct a program that processes information [CS1-2.1](#)
 - 2 Identify programming languages as procedural or object oriented [CS1-2.2](#)
 - 3 Develop programs using reusable modules (modularization) [CS1-2.3](#)
 - 4 Use debugging techniques to correct and validate the computer program [CS1-2.4](#)
 - 5 Construct the program in a high-level programming language based on a created design [CS1-2.5](#)
 - 6 Construct a program that opens and closes a file [CS1-2.6](#)
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Algorithm

1 Students design a solution to the problem using algorithms.

- 1 Develop algorithms to solve a computer programming problem(s) [CS1-3.1](#)
 - 2 Assess the use of algorithms to provide a solution to a programming problem [CS1-3.2](#)
 - 3 Use pseudo code to describe a solution to a programming problem [CS1-3.3](#)
 - 4 Create a program flowchart and ANSI standard flowcharting symbols to define a solution to a programming problem [CS1-3.4](#)
 - 5 Explain how the algorithm can be used to solve a problem [CS1-3.5](#)
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Program Development

1 Students create a functional computer program.

- 1 Define the process of programming [CS1-4.1](#)
 - 2 Create a computer program that corresponds to an algorithm or proposed solution [CS1-4.2](#)
 - 3 Define programming structures [CS1-4.3](#)
 - 4 Recognize data variables and constants [CS1-4.4](#)
 - 5 Recognize local scope and global scope [CS1-4.5](#)
 - 6 Use conditionals (IF statements) [CS1-4.6](#)
 - 7 Use loops (while statements, for statements) [CS1-4.7](#)
 - 8 Define single and multidimensional Arrays [CS1-4.8](#)
 - 9 Use functions and methods to break down the program logic and support reuse [CS1-4.9](#)
 - 10 Define the graphical user interface [CS1-4.10](#)
 - 11 Identify the parts of the programming platform [CS1-4.11](#)
 - 12 Identify different types of errors and handle them programmatically [CS1-4.12](#)
 - 13 Use the order of operations when using calculations [CS1-4.13](#)
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Program Verification and Debugging

1 Students prove a computer program solution works by using verification and debugging techniques.

- 1 Predict and explain output [CS1-5.1](#)
 - 2 Identify cause/effect for input/output [CS1-5.2](#)
 - 3 Perform input validation [CS1-5.3](#)
 - 4 Scrutinize peers code for errors [CS1-5.4](#)
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6 Students connect an associated task with the code by providing documentation.

- 1 Describe the function of a computer program
- 2 Identify the purposes of a computer program
- 3 Explain concepts related to a computer program
- 4 Describe how to use a computer program
- 5 Identify cause/effect by explaining input and output
- 6 Interpret input/output